Games and trivia can be used to engage mothers, influential family members, and community members, promoting hands-on learning and deepening understanding of complementary feeding.

"It was the first time I talked in a counseling visit." Nourishing human connections to improve SBC outcomes in Nigeria

Angela Bienyann Shinggu; Jacqueline Oliveira; Shittu Abdu-Aguye; Lisa Sherburne

United State Agency for International Development/Johns Hopkins Center for Communication Programs Breakthrough ACTION-Nigeria, ThinkPlace, Advancing Nutrition

BACKGROUND

Breakthrough ACTION is a global USAID-Sponsored project implemented by the Johns Hopkins Center for Communication Programs (CCP) in partnership with ThinkPlace, a global Human Centered Design (HCD) organization, that aims to strengthen the social and behaviour change (SBC) practices of local partners in supported countries.

Globally, undernutrition is linked to 45% of all child deaths, making optimal infant and young child feeding (IYCF) practices essential for reducing child mortality. Community Health Workers (CHWs) are crucial in reaching vulnerable children in Nigeria with health and nutrition interventions.

In Nigeria, Breakthrough ACTION utilized the Human-Centered Design (HCD) approach to gain diverse insights into nutrition counseling and practices. This led to the creation of tools that enable Community Health Workers (CHWs) to offer tailored, effective counseling and problem-solving for nutrition, moving beyond merely sharing information from cards. The team delved into the behavioral drivers of nutrition, focusing on complementary feeding, and developed and tested prototypes for innovative social and behavior change methods. These tools aim to help CHWs educate, empower, and inspire caregivers to adopt improved nutritional behaviors.

OBJECTIVES

To understand the role of Nigerian Community Health Workers (CHWs) and identify challenges from the perspectives of CHWs, caregivers, family members, and community members to:

1) Better educate, empower, and activate caregivers for improved complementary feeding and to

2) Design and prototype tailored, measurable, and novel counseling tools for CHW that achieve this or support the prioritized complementary feeding behaviors

METHODS

A mixed research method was used. Research commences with a desktop research review followed by EnGauge (digital ethnography tool) providing both qualitative and quantitative insights into the research focus areas, and then in-person interviews drawing out complexities or accessing cohorts in remote populations as well as validating findings from desk review. The research informed the design and test phase, and findings were used to create a novel CHW nutrition set of tools (nourishing connections).

RESULTS



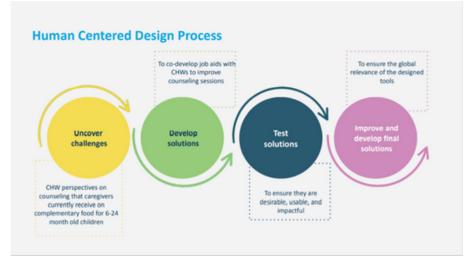


Image 1: The Human-Centered Design Process



Image 2: Qualitative Research Overview



TESTIMONIALS



CHW - "The game is easy, fun, non-obvious, and a tool that makes learning light. The best thing is that I can play with anyone, caregivers, fathers, community members, anyone. I have never seen them like something so much."



Caregiver - "It was a lot of fun and I want to play more often. I think we should play at community meetings and events in general. Adolescents should also play."

CONCLUSION

The innovative tools developed through collaboration with Community Health Workers (CHWs) and communities offer promising solutions to enhance nutrition counseling and improve feeding practices for children on complementary feeding. These tools are designed to support empathetic counseling sessions, addressing the specific needs of caregivers worldwide.



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